# TRANS-OCEANIC INSECT DISPERSAL

# 1. Trapping and collecting on ships in the South Pacific Ocean, 1974-1979

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Abstract. An introduction to this series mainly covers the Bernice P. Bishop Museum, Honolulu, projects on arthropod dispersal, 1957-1970. Continuation of these studies from the Auckland Museum started with collecting on ships at sea since 1965 and ship-board trapping in the South Pacific area in 1969.

Part 1 of the series records net-trapping on ships during regular return voyages from New Zealand through Fiji, Samoa and Tonga in the South Pacific Ocean. Trapping and collecting on 29 voyages between 1974 and 1979 are reported. Tables and maps of successful net runs and collections are included. Voyages are compared and preliminary insect and other arthropod results noted.

In the late 1950s and early 1960s, the late J. Linsley Gressitt, of Entomology Department, Bernice P. Bishop Museum, Honolulu, began investigating wind-borne insects by trapping on ships and with aircraft in the Pacific Ocean and Antarctic areas. Subsequently, trapping was also done on ships in the Atlantic and Indian Oceans and on land in Antarctica, on subantarctic islands and in northern Alaska as part of trans-oceanic arthropod dispersal studies.

Antarctic and subantarctic trapping so far reported continued until 1966 and in the Pacific and other areas until 1970.

Results of trapping and collecting on ships in the Pacific area, 1957-1970, have been recorded in a numbered series of papers by Gressitt & Nakata (1958), Yoshimoto & Gressitt (1959, 1960, 1961), Harrell & Yoshimoto (1964), Harrell & Holzapfel (1966), Holzapfel & Perkins (1969), Guilmette, Holzapfel & Tsuda (1970) and Holzapfel, Clagg & Goff (1978). All these records were for the North Pacific area except for a few collections made on two ship passages which included Samoa (Holzapfel & Perkins (1969), Society Is and further south, and the Galapagos Is (Holzapfel, Clagg & Goff 1978). Concurrent trapping for smaller organisms, which produced some arthropod specimens, was also done on three voyages between 1967 and 1970 (Kramer, Wartell & Holzapfel 1973).

Trapping results from two other ship expeditions were also reported per the Bishop Museum project. During the round-the-world 'Galathea' Expedition, 1950-1952 (Yoshimoto, Gressitt & Wolff 1962), successful trapping had been done throughout the whole cruise including catches around New Zealand and in the South and North Pacific. Catches were also made in the North Pacific, South Pacific and in the New Zealand area during the 'Monsoon' Expedition, 1960-1961 (Gressitt, Coatsworth & Yoshimoto 1962).

Two numbered papers on trapping in the Pacific-Antarctic area (Yoshimoto, Gressitt & Mitchell 1962, Yoshimoto & Gressitt 1963) included results from ship-board trapping on North and South Pacific voyages and south of New Zealand. The first of three papers on trapping in the Antarctic area (Gressitt, Leech & O'Brien 1960) gave results from ship-board trapping between New Zealand and Antarctica and around the continent to South America in the 1959-60 Antarctic summer season. Net trapping was also done with small aircraft and on the ground in the Ross Sea sector of Antarctica in the same season. A second paper (Gressitt, Leech, Leech, Sedlacek & Wise 1961) recorded net trapping in the 1960-61 season on ships south of Australia, New Zealand and South America and on land in the Ross Sea and Antarctic Peninsula sectors.

During the course of a separate project by Madison E. Pryor, of University of Tennessee, U.S.A., trapping for air-borne arthropods on land in the Ross Sea sector of Antarctica had also been done in the 1959-60 season (Pryor 1962).

Further trapping on ships and on land in Antarctica between the 1959-60 and 1961-62 seasons was noted by Gressitt, Leech & Wise (1963).

Dispersal studies for the Bishop Museum project were extended to the Atlantic area in 1962 by ship-board trapping on a United States Antarctic survey ship (Holzapfel, Tsuda & Harrell 1970) and on British Antarctic Survey ships from 1962 to 1965 (Clagg 1966).

A third paper on trapping in Antarctica (Holzapfel, Tsuda & Harrell 1970) contained results of ship-board trapping on many voyages south of New Zealand and South America from 1963 to 1966 and also on Atlantic, South Pacific and Indian Ocean voyages from 1962 to 1965.

Net trapping on land in relation to trans-oceanic dispersal was also carried out on two subantarctic islands, Campbell I, 1961-62 (Gressitt 1964b) and South Georgia, 1962-64 (Gressitt 1970).

Further dispersal studies by net trapping were made north of the Arctic Circle in northern Alaska in the Arctic summers of 1966 and 1969 (Gressitt & Yoshimoto 1974).

A high speed trap developed for use on large aircraft was first used in the 1960-61 Antarctic season (Gressitt, Sedlacek, Wise & Yoshimoto 1961) on flights between Antarctica and the east coast of the United States, via New Zealand and Honolulu, and subsequently over the North Pacific Ocean. Results of flights, including North America/Antarctica and also North Pacific flights, from 1960 to 1963, were reported by Holzapfel & Gressitt (1965). Final results covering use of this trap over the North Pacific Ocean and the United States from 1966 to 1969 were given by Holzapfel (1978). Concurrent trapping for smaller organisms was also done with this trap in 1968-69 (Kramer & Holzapfel 1973).

An overall discussion on Bishop Museum trans-oceanic dispersal studies in the 1957-1966 period was published by Holzapfel & Harrell (1968).

The dispersal studies and results have supplied more data towards the understanding of trans-oceanic arthropod movement and distribution. J.L. Gressitt assessed the information in many biogeographical discussion papers (Gressitt 1961, Gressitt & Yoshimoto 1963, Gressitt 1964, 1965a, 1965b, 1967, 1970, 1974).

Identifications of some of the arthropod specimens trapped and collected during the Bishop Museum dispersal studies have been recorded and discussed separately (Thornton 1964, Yoshimoto & Gressitt 1964, Thornton & Harrell 1965, Yoshimoto & Gressitt 1965, Scudder 1968, Forster 1971, Zimmerman 1975). In a summary to the Insects of Campbell Island Monograph, Gressitt (1964b) listed identified species of insects taken in net traps on Campbell I, but only a few of these are recorded as such in the taxonomic papers in the Monograph.

From 1965, when the present author took up his current position in the Auckland Museum, his interest in insect dispersal was continued with the assistance of a keen bird-watcher, J.A.F. Jenkins, who was then a deck officer on ships sailing from New Zealand ports. Jenkins collected insects for the Auckland Museum at various overseas ports on western routes to Australia and India and in the Pacific Islands while also, by request, watching for, collecting and recording insects at sea.

In 1969, net trapping was done for the author during the Royal Society of New Zealand Cook Bicentenary Expedition in the South Pacific, 1969, and the results of trapping and collecting on *HMS Endeavour* were recorded (Wise 1971).

However, all the collecting on ships at sea had been sporadic, using ships on various routes at various times just as and when they became available and when passage for collectors could be obtained. Consequently, in 1974, when Jenkins (now Captain) offered to start net trapping as often as possible on regular shipping runs in the South Pacific he presented an opportunity for comparable sampling over a longer period. Further, the route to and from the Pacific Islands was northerly and southerly, as well as being amongst some of the island groups, giving an opportunity to test the effect of easterly tradewinds in the tropics against the general west-east drift.

Information presented here is the result of trapping and collecting on ships at sea during 29 voyages in the period 1974-1979.

### SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN, 1974-1979

### **METHODS**

Union Shipping Company voyages are numbered for each vessel and these voyage numbers are used here. Captains are in command of vessels for several voyages at a time then are replaced for several, hence the intermittent voyage numbers which appear in the records. Captain Jenkins flew nets on most of his voyages and consecutive sample numbers were used through each group of voyages. The voyages were made on regular triangular courses, as indicated in Fig. 1, beginning and ending at Auckland, New Zealand, and proceeding through Fiji, Samoa and Tonga.

The voyages reported on here are listed in Table 1, together with numbers of net runs, net samples, net runs with specimens, collected specimens and some percentages. It is seen that a large number of net runs were made and large numbers of samples taken (92.87% in all). Of these a little less than half contained arthropod specimens (43.51% of net runs, 46.85% of net samples).

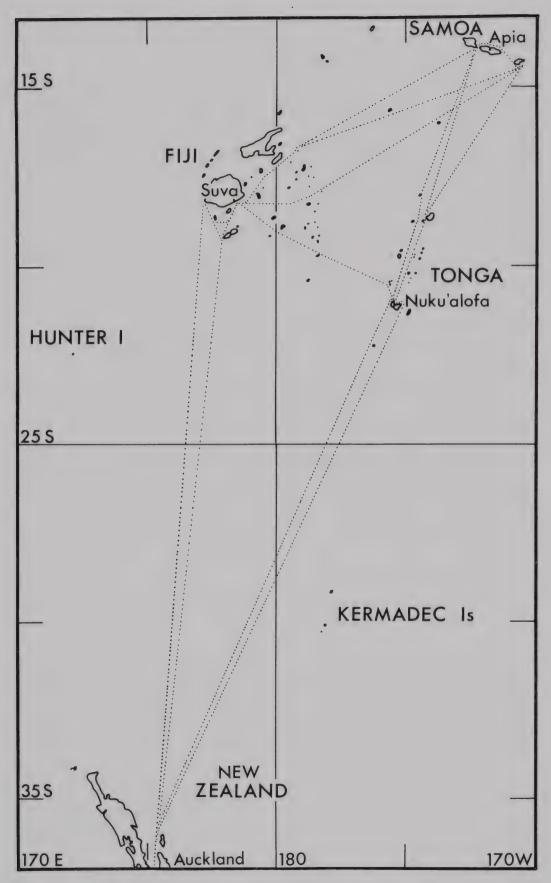


Fig. 1. Routes of ships on Pacific Islands voyages.

Table 1. Net runs, samples and collections on Union South Pacific and Marama voyages, 1974-1979.

Years	Voyages	No of net runs	Numbered net samples	% net runs with samples	No of net runs with specimens	% net runs with specimens	% samples with specimens	Numbered hand collections	Unnumbered hand collections	Total hand collections
1974	USP 19	22	8	36.36	6	27.27	75.00	2	1	3
	USP 20	12	4	33.33	2	16.66	50.00	_	1	1
	USP 28	23	23	100.00	12	52.17	52.17	1		i
	USP 31	20	19	95.00	11	55.00	57.89	7		7
1974-1975	USP 32	20	21 †	100.00	13	65.00	61.90	2		2
1975	USP 35	16	14	87.50	5	31.25	35.71			
	USP 36	13	12	92.30	3	23.07	25.00			
	USP 39	18	17	94.44	8	44.44	47.05	2		2
	USP 40	16	16	100.00	7	43.75	43.75	_	1	1
1978	M 1	18	18	100.00	11	61.11	61.11		2	2
	M 4	9	9	100.00	3	33.33	33.33	1	4	1
	M 5	4	4	100.00	1	25.00	25.00	•		
	M 6	14	14	100.00	9	64.28	64.28		2	2
	M 10	15	15	100.00	3	20.00	20.00			~
	M 11	15	15	100.00	7	46.66	46.66			
	M 12	13	13	100.00	3	23.07	23.07			
	M 13	6	5	83.33	2	33.33	40.00			
	M 15‡								1	1
	M 17‡								1	1
1978-1979	M 24	17	17	100.00	9	52.94	52.94			
1979	M 25	19	19	100.00	13	68.42	68.42			
	M 30	11	11	100.00	10	90.90	90.90			
	M 31	14	14	100.00	6	42.85	42.85			
	M 32	4	3	75.00	2	50.00	66.66			
	M 37	11	11	100.00	4	36.36	36.36			
	M 38	16	16	100.00	6	37.50	37.50		1	1
	M 42	24	24	100.00	11	45.83	45.83		•	•
	M 43	4	4	100.00	1	25.00	25.00			
	M 46	19	19	100.00	3	15.78	15.78		1	1
Totals of totals	29	393	365	92.87	171	43.51	46.85	15	11	26

<sup>†</sup> Two numbered samples were taken from one net run

<sup>‡</sup> Collections made for J. A. F. Jenkins who was not on board for these voyages

The nets used were similar to those used previously (Yoshimoto & Gressitt 1960, Wise 1971), being fine fabric cones on steel rings 75 cm in diameter; usually flown four or more at a time. Sample numbers were given when samples were taken from nets but collected specimens were sometimes numbered and sometimes not.

In the Museum all samples have been sorted under a microscope and those containing arthropod material stored in alcohol, except for the occasional large insect, such as a moth, which was pinned. Printed labels indicating ship, voyage and sample have been added together with other relevant data.

The data presented here in tables (Tables 2-30) and maps (Figs. 2-25) only include information concerning successful net runs (that is, when the samples taken were found to contain arthropod material) and hand collected specimens. Data presentation in tables is in much the same format as in all previous papers. However, it is considered worthwhile to include here maps for all the voyages in the present series to show the extent of successful net runs and collections, and the recurring mid-oceanic catches. The maps will also enable comparison of catch runs voyage by voyage and month by month and, in due course, of occurrences of various families or species of Arthropods.

As identification of all insect and other arthropod material is still in progress, the specimen records are given here only in general terms. It is intended to present information on species and possible sources of specimens in later parts of this series.

### RESULTS

In the first year of the series, 1974, samples were taken during net trapping on five voyages of the *Union South Pacific (USP* 19, 20, 28, 31, 32 [part], Tables 2-6, Figs. 2-6). Many successful net runs were made, mostly near New Zealand and amongst the Pacific Islands.

There were five *Union South Pacific* voyages when samples were taken in 1975 (*USP* 32 [part] 35, 36, 39, 40, Tables 6-10, Figs. 6-10), but USP 32 samples were negative. Most successful net runs were amongst the Pacific Islands but there were also some mid-oceanic catches.

No net trapping was done in 1976 and 1977.

Trapping was resumed on the ship *Marama* in 1978, when samples were taken on nine voyages (M 1, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13, 24 [part], Tables 11-18, 21, Figs. 11-16, 18). Successful net runs were again mostly amongst the Pacific Islands but several were mid-oceanic and some near New Zealand.

Finally, in 1979, there were ten successful voyages for samples on the *Marama* (*M* 24 [part], 25, 30, 31, 32, 37, 38, 42, 43, 46, Tables 21-30, Figs. 18-25). Most of the successful net runs were mid-oceanic and amongst the Pacific Islands.

### Monthly comparisons

Over the whole period, samples with specimens were taken in each month except November, indicating wind dispersal during the mid-year southern winter, as well as in the summer.

For comparison, the voyages are here listed for the months in which they were made.

January M 1 (Table 11, Fig. 11), M 24 [part] (Table 21, Fig. 18), M 25 (Table 22, Fig. 19).

February USP 35 [part] (Table 7, Fig. 7).

March USP 35 [part] (Table 7, Fig. 7), USP 36 (Table 8, Fig. 8), M 4 (Table 12, Fig. 12), M 5 (Table 13, Fig. 12), M 6 [part] (Table 14, Fig. 13).

April M 6 [part] (Table 14, Fig. 13), M 30 (Table 23, Fig. 20), M 31 [part] (Table 24, Fig. 21).

May USP 19 (Table 2, Fig. 2), USP 20 (Table 3, Fig. 3), USP 39 (Table 9, Fig. 9), USP 40 (Table 10, Fig. 10), M 31 [part] (Table 24, Fig. 21), M 32 (Table 25, Fig. 21).

June M 10 (Table 15, Fig. 14), M 11 (Table 16, Fig. 15).

July M 12 (Table 17, Fig. 16), M 13 (Table 18, Fig 16), M 37 (Table 26, Fig. 22).

August M 15 (Table 19, Fig. 17), M 38 (Table 27, Fig. 23).

September M 17 (Table 20, Fig. 17), M 42 [part] (Table 28, Fig. 24).

October USP 28 (Table 4, Fig. 4), M 42 [part] (Table 28, Fig. 24), M 43 (Table 29, Fig. 24).

November Nil.

December USP 31 (Table 5, Fig. 5), USP 32 (Table 6, Fig. 6), M 24 [part] (Table 21, Fig. 18), M 46 (Table 30, Fig. 25).

### ARTHROPOD DISPERSAL

The samples with specimens and the hand collections are recorded below in several categories. These categories have been arbitrarily chosen to give some indication of the importance of the arthropod specimens in regard to trans-oceanic dispersal.

## Net trapped mid-ocean

The whole net run was 45 n.ml. or more from land.

USP 19: 1. USP 20: B, D. USP 28: 2, 17, 20. USP 31: 1, 2, 5, 7, 25. USP 32: 27, 28, 30. USP 35: 8A. USP 36: 18. USP 39: 1, 17. USP 40: 19, 21, 23, 29, 31. M 1: 1, 2, 3, 4, 8. M 6: 15, 16, 17, 18, 25. M 13: 44. M 24: 1, 3, 5, 15. M 25: 19, 31, 34, 35. M 30: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9. M 31: 13, 14, 15, 24. M 37: 1, 3, 8. M 38: 12, 13, 14, 16, 25, 26. M 42: 1, 4, 5, 7, 21, 22. M 43: 25. M 46: 16.

# Net trapped at sealoff shore (Pacific Islands)

One end of the net run was within 45 n.ml. of the shore of one or more of the islands, or the whole run was amongst Pacific Islands.

USP 19: 2, 5, 6, 7, 8. USP 28: 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16. USP 31: 8, 10, 13, 17, 18. USP 32: 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 44. USP 35: 5, 6, 7, 8. USP 36: 19, 20. USP 39: 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13. USP 40: 25, 28. M 1: 6, 7, 10, 12. M 4: 1, 3, 4. M 6: 23, 24, 29, 31. M 10: 6, 10, 11. M 11: 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25. M 12: 38, 39, 40. M 13: 48. M 24: 6, 8, 10, 12. M 25: 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30. M 30: 7, 8, 10. M 31: 20, 23. M 32: 26, 27. M 37: 5. M 42: 10, 12, 18, 19, 20. M 46: 9, 14.

Net trapped at sealoff shore (New Zealand)

One end of the net run was within 45 n.ml. of the New Zealand coast and off shore islands.

USP 28: 23. USP 32: 26. M 1: 18. M 5: 10. M 24: 17. M 25: 18, 36.

Net trapped in harbour (Pacific Islands)

On a few occasions nets were flown within a harbour and emptied before leaving.

USP 31: 19. USP 32: 42, 43. M 1: 13.

Collected mid-ocean

Winged specimens, some taken alive, collected 45 n.ml. or more from land.

USP 31: 3, 6. USP 39: 15A.

Collected at sea/off shore (Pacific Islands)

Winged specimens taken within 45 n.ml. of the shore.

USP 31: 9, 15. USP 32: 40. M 4: 3. M 6: 1 collection. M 15: 1 collection. M 17: 1 collection

Collected in harbour (Pacific Islands)

Winged specimens taken aboard ship in harbour.

USP 20: 1 collection. USP 31: 15. USP 40: 1 collection. M 1: 2 collections. M 6: 1 collection. M 38: 1 collection. M 46: 1 collection.

Collected in harbour or after harbour visit (Pacific Islands)

Wingless specimens or others which appeared to be cargo associated.

USP 19: 3, 4, 1 collection. USP 28: 7A. USP 31: 12, 23. USP 32: 29. USP 39: 6.

Sample No.	G Time	.M.T Date	W True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Star Lat.	ting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
1	2000	7.V.74	ESE	15	24°42′S	176°58′E	21°20′S	177°34′E	14.5	009	Kadavu, Fiji 135	1 fly
2	2300	8.V.74	SE	09	19°07′S	177°53′E	18°14′S (via	178°35′E Suva)	Var.	Var.	Fiji <b>◄</b> 45	3 beetles 1 wasp
3	2300	8.V.74					18°14′S	178°35′E			Fiji <b>⋖</b> 45	1 earwig*
4	0530	10.V.74	NNW	09	16°06′S	177°00′W	15°28′S	174°35′W	14.0	075	Niuafo'ou, Tonga ◀45	1 centipede*
5	1500	11.V.74	Var.	03	Pago	Pago	A	pia	15.0	Var.	Samoa ◀45	6 wasps 5 flies 1 beetle 1 psocid? 1 insect part
6	1900	12.V.74	SE	13	13°46′S	171°46′W	14°52′S	172°41′W	14.0	Var./205	Samoa ◀45	8 flies 5 moths 1 beetle
7	2220	13.V.74 14.V.74	SE	18/24	17°01′S	173°40′W		175°13′W ı'alofa	14.0	205/Var.	Tonga ◀45 Tonga ◀45	10 flies 1 spider*
8	1800	14.V.74	ESE	20	Nuku	'alofa	22°16′S	176° 16′W	14.5	Var./209	Tonga ◀45	1 weevil

Table 3. Union South Pacific Voyage No. 20 (J.A.F. Jenkins, May-June 1974).

Sample	G	.M.T	Wi	nd	Stai	rting	En	ding	V	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.	Time	Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course°	nearest land (n.ml.)†	
В	2000	22.V.74 30.V.74	Е	09		176°38′E l'alofa	22°20′S	177°23′E	14.5	008	Kadavu, Fiji 195 Tonga ◀45	1 wasp 2 moths*
D	2000	31.V.74	ExS	10	27°02′S	178°45′W	30°30′S	178°50′E	15.0	211	Kermadec Is 135	1 wasp 1 fly?

Table 4. Union South Pacific Voyage No. 28 (J.A.F. Jenkins, October 1974).

Sample	G	.M.T	Wi	ind	Sta	rting	En	ding	V	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.		Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course°	nearest land (n.ml.)†	
2	2100	12.X.74	NW	15	32°19′S	175°44′E	29°06′S	176°24′E	13.5	009	North Cape, NZ 184	1 fly 1 bug?
6	2100	14.X.74	E	13	21°50′S	177°35′E	18°28′S	178°14′E	14.0	028	Fiji <b>⋖</b> 45	1 fly
7A		16.X.74					Si	uva			Fiji <b>⊲</b> 45	8 beetles* 6 flies* 5 wasps*
7	0600	16.X.74	ENE	15	17°26′S	179°33′E	16°27′S	178°21′W	12.5	075	Fiji <b>◄</b> 45	1 beetle
10	1830	17.X.74	Е	05	15°07′S	173°24′W	14°27′S	170°50′W	13.5	075	Samoa ◀45	2 flies 1 moth
11	0130	19.X.74	Var.	02	13°21′S	170°42′W		171°45′W Apia)	Var.	Var.	Samoa ◀45	30 flies 16 wasps 4 aphids 1 psocid
12	0530	19.X.74	ESE	09	13°44′S	171°47′W	14°04′S	172°17′W	13.5	Var./205	Samoa ◀45	1 fly 1 wasp bug parts insect parts
13	2200	19.X.74	SE	20	14°04′S	172°17′W	17°27′S	174°06′W	13.5	205	Samoa ◀45	2 wasps
14	0530	20.X.74	SE	24	17°27′S	174°06′W	19°06′S	174°39′W	14.0	201	Tonga ◀45	1 fly
16	2000	21.X.74	ENE	09	21°00′S	175°23′W	22°56′S	176°40′W	14.0	209	Tonga ◀45	2 beetles
17	0530	22.X.74	Е	09	22°56′S	176°40′W	24°30′S	177°36′W	14.0	209	Ata, Tonga 45	1 wasp
20	2100	23.X.74	SxE	05	29°34′S	179°14′E	30°43′S	178°29′E	Var.	Var.	Kermadec Is 129	insect parts
23	0600	25.X.74	NxE	05	33°59′S	176°14′E	35°20′S	175°22′E	10.0	209	New Zealand ◀45	1 fly

Table 5. Union South Pacific Voyage No. 31 (J.A.F. Jenkins, December 1974).

sboqordirA	ensisi and Approx. distance basi land testest land f(.lm.n)	essel Course	Speed (kts)	ling Long.	End Lat.	gnit GnoJ	Star Lat.	nd Vel.	Wi True Dir.	M.T Date	.D s JmiT	Samplo, oN
20 flies	Cape Brett, NZ 87	600	0.81	175°44'E	3105518	175°20'E	34002'S	13	MS	47.IIX.E	0040	I
र्षा १	North Cape, NZ 200	600	0.81	116011'E	S,50.67	1120441E	3105518	12	MS	47.IIX.E	7000	7
*VII I	Kermadec Is 270			116°28'E	S,07°72					47.IIX.4	0000	3
2 flies	Kadavu, Fiji 272	600	2.51	117°07'E	53041.S	116°35'E	S,87°32	13	SE	47.IIX.4	2000	ς
l butterfly*	Kadavu, Fiji 228			177°13'E	22°50'S					47.IIX.4		9
3 flies	Kadavu, Fiji 128	010	2.51	177°30'E	51617	177°07'E	53041.S	13	S	47.IIX.2	0040	L
2 flies	Fiji <b>⋖</b> 45	980	0.41	178°13'E	18°30'S	177°30'E	SILIOIZ	10	SE	47.IIX.2	7000	8
l beetle*	Fiji ⊲45	320	0 01	178°13'E		47720021	5,2002,			47.IIX.2	2000	6
1 bug?	Fiji ⊲45	<i>\$L</i> 0	0.21	M,01.841	\$,\$7,91	1.40°50'E		SI	Е	47.IIX.7	0090	10
l spider* 2 flies	Fiji ⊲45	\$40	13.0	MISOOFLI	2110021	M1680711		00	13	47.IIX.7	0070	71
COLL 7	RgnoT, uo'olsuiN ✓ 45	CIO	0.51	M 90 C/I	c+o ci	MitloSLI	C/C-CI	60	SE	47.IIX.8	0090	13
1 moth*	Samoa 🗖 45			Pago	Pago					47.IIX.8		51
1 moth*	Samoa 🗖 45			M,5107LI						47.IIX.e		91
2 fly parts	Samoa 🗖 45	502	14.0	M,8008LI	1204312	172°16'W	1400218	70	Var.	47.11X.01	0090	41
insect parts	7onga ▲45	502	0.81	174°22'W	18°20'S	M,E00811	Sietosi	13	EZE	47.IIX.01	0061	81
insect parts	Tonga 445			slofa,						47.IIX.11	Muk	
l earwig*	(cargo)	LIC	0 11	178°45'E		Ticroppi	5173000	00	1114	47.IIX.41	0001	53
l lacewing	Poor Knights Is, NZ	217	14.0	T CC. C/I	C CT.CC	141°12'E	S.0C-7C	60	NE	47.IIX.21	0061	57

Table 6. Union South Pacific Voyage No. 32 (J.A.F. Jenkins, December 1974-January 1975).

Arthropods	Approx. distance bast land †(.lm.n)	sssel Course°	Veced (kts)	ling Long.	End Lat.	gnit .gno.J	Star. Lat.	nd Vel. (kts)	Wi True Dir.	M.T Date	.D Time	Sample No.
2 lacewings	New Zealand 445	600	2.51	175°35'E	37°33'S	175°04'E	3202318	13	MSS	47,IIX,02	0040	97
I moth	North Cape, NZ 168			175°35'E						47.IIX.02	0040	LZ
l lacewing	North Cape, NZ 168	600	2.51	176°08'E	S,5t.67	175°35'E	3703318	13	MSS	47.11X.02	1630	87
1 spider*	(cargo)			176°08'E	S,50067					20.XII.74		67
र्धि १	Kermadec Is 277	800	2.51	176°38'E	5701315	176°08'E	S,57067	18	EZE	47.IIX.12	0040	30
2 flies 2 wasps 2 sbirds	Fiji <b>⊲</b> 45	870	2.51	178°16′E	S,57.81	111°52'E	S,£1.61	60	SZE	47.11X.22	7330	75
VII I I ant	Fiji <b>⋖</b> 45	\$20/6\$0	0.81	W'01°871	S,57.91	179°00'E	SiZSoLI	60	ZE	47.IIX.42	1930	35
gud 1	no'olauiN S4≻	<i>SL</i> 0	0.81	M,SSoSLI	5,67051	W'01°871	16°25′S	70	Var.	47.IIX.22	0090	98
bidqs 1	ngnoT, uo'olauiN ≥4≯	<i>t</i> 20	0.81	W.20°E71	S,10°21	Missosli	S,67°21	\$0	Var.	47.IIX.22	0061	7.8
2 flies Laphid	S4► soms2	<i>\$L</i> 0	0.81	M.67.01	SilZotI	M,70°E71	S,10°S1	\$0	Var.	47.IIX.82	0090	38
एति ।	24► sgnoT	907	14.0			M185°271	12021/5	13	NE	47.11X.82	0050	68
* moth I wasp I moth	24➤ agnoT 24➤ agnoT 24➤ agnoT			175°07'W Palofa Palofa	Nuku					47.11X.82 47.11X.08 47.11X.08		45 40
yfi i	7. Stronga 45	213/209	14.0			W1050271	2101012	70	Var.	47.IIX.18	0000	77

Table 7. Union South Pacific Voyage No. 35 (J.A.F. Jenkins, February-March 1975).

2 by 2 bart I bug gart I bug gud I	Fiji <b>⋖</b> 45	270\.1sV	2.81	M,5108LI	S,57.91	178°36′E	18014,2	13	Е	ST.III.TI	2000	70
l beetle	C+> Ift.1	Var,	0.41	178°247E	S,01.81	1110ttlE	S0-5212	60	NE	ST.III.81	0630	61
2 files	Fill 445			ILLOGINE		177015'E	23°31'S	50	NE	ST.III.ZI	2000	81
bidqs 1	Kadavu, Fiji 78	<i>L</i> 00	0.41	JIVVOLLI	3/30000	2/310LL1	3/1000	30				
	†(.lm.n)		(kts)					(kts)	Dir.			
	nearest land	Course	Speed	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Vel.	True	Date	Time	No.
Arthropods	Approx. distance	ləssə	PΛ	gnil	End	gnit.	Star	pu	iΨ	T.M	Ð	ample
						. C						
	:(516)	THO PART CHI	AHOU . I.A	T.C) OC .OVI	C YOYABC	กบาวทุส นาทย	oc uoiuo '	g alue i				
	.(279)	ins, March I	4.F. Jenk	4.U) 3E .oV	o Voyage	iiispA Atuc	o2 noinU .	8 əldeT				
£11 1	.(279)	ins, March I	Y.F. Jenk		Voyage	iitiseA Atuc	o≳ noinU .	8 əldrT				
sgud 2 I fly	7 nga 70 (975).	219 ins, March I	14.0 7.F. Jenk			W'72°171 iliopalitic		20 8 aldeT	NE	ST.III.4	0040	₩8
sgud 2				W'EIºETI	S,08°71		S,LIoSI			27.11.82 27.111.4	0040	8 A8
trad bidga I sgud 2	24▶ soms2 07 sgnoT	617	0.41	W'EIºETI	S,08°71	M,LZoILI	S,LIoSI	\$0	NE NE	27.II.82	2300	8
sgud 2	07 взпоТ	617	0.41	M,8108LI M,8107LI	S,08°511	M,LZoILI	S,21051 S,87051	\$0	NE			8
I fly part I aphid part 2 bugs	24► soms2 07 sgnoT	617 <i>L</i> 90	13.5	M,8108LI M,8107LI	S,08°571 S'18°512 S'82°51	M,L701LI M,7508LI	12°28'S 15°28'S 16°14'S	\$0 \$0	NE NE	27.II.82	2300	
I fly I fly I fly part I aphid part Sugs	sgno7, uoʻoʻsuiN 24⊅ 54⊅ soms2 07 sgnoT	617 <i>L</i> 90	2.51 2.51 0.41	M,8108LI M,8107LI	S,08°571 S'18°512 S'82°51	M,LZoILI M,75o5LI M,90o8LI	12°28'S 15°28'S 16°14'S	\$0 \$0	NE NE NNE	<i>27.</i> 11.82 <i>27.</i> 11.82	0090	8
l aphid I fly? I fly I fly part I aphid part Sugs	tiji ←45 Niuafo'ou, Tonga 245 Samos ←45 Or nga 70	617 <i>L</i> 90 <i>L</i> 90 <i>L</i> 90	2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51	M,E10ELI M,S10ZLI M,750SLI M,9008LI	S,080-21 S15081 S180-51 S180-14,8	111021,M 112024,M 118000,M 110014,E	S,210\$1 S,820\$1 S,410\$1 S,98021	\$0 \$0 60 £1	NE NE NNE NM	27.11.72 27.11.82 27.11.82	0090	8 <i>L</i> 9
I fly I fly I fly part I aphid part Sugs	sgno7, uoʻoʻsuiN 24⊅ 54⊅ soms2 07 sgnoT	617 <i>L</i> 90	2.51 2.51 0.41	M,8108LI M,8107LI	S,080-21 S15081 S180-51 S180-14,8	111021,M 112024,M 118000,M 110014,E	S,210\$1 S,820\$1 S,410\$1 S,98021	\$0 \$0	NE NE NNE	<i>27.</i> 11.82 <i>27.</i> 11.82	0090	8
l aphid I fly? I fly I fly part I aphid part Sugs	Fiji 445 Fiji 445 Wiuafo'ou, Tonga A45 Samoa 445 Tonga 70	617 <i>L</i> 90 <i>L</i> 90 <i>L</i> 90	0.41 2.51 2.51 2.51 5.51	M,E10ELI M,S10ZLI M,750SLI M,9008LI	S,080-21 S15081 S180-51 S180-14,8	111021,M 112024,M 118000,M 110014,E	S,210\$1 S,820\$1 S,410\$1 S,98021	\$0 \$0 60 £1	NE NE NNE NM	27.11.72 27.11.82 27.11.82	0090	8 <i>L</i> 9
l aphid I fly? I fly I fly part I aphid part Sugs	tiji ←45 Niuafo'ou, Tonga 245 Samos ←45 Or nga 70	617 <i>L</i> 90 <i>L</i> 90 <i>L</i> 90	2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51	M,E10ELI M,S10ZLI M,750SLI M,9008LI	S,080-21 S15081 S180-51 S180-14,8	171°27'W 175°54'W 178°06'W 179°14'E 177°41'E	S,210\$1 S,820\$1 S,410\$1 S,98021	\$0 \$0 60 \$1 60 (\$1\$)	NE NNE NNE NME	27.11.72 27.11.82 27.11.82	7ime 2000 0600 0600 2300	8 <i>L</i> 9

Table 9. Union South Pacific Voyage No. 39 (J.A.F. Jenkins, May 1975).

Sample No.	G Time	.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	nd Vel. (kts)	Sta: Lat.	rting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
1	0600	2.V.75	ENE	13	34°47′S	175°14′E	33°40′S	175°30′E	13.5	009	Cape Brett, NZ 53	1 fly 1 fly larva 1 crustacean
5	2130	4.V.75 6.V.75	Var.	02	22°07′S	177°29′E	18°32′S Si	178°13′E iva	14.0	006/029	Fiji ◀45 Fiji ◀45	1 wasp 1 cockroach*
9	2300	9.V.75	NNE	09	14°04′S	172°18′W	15°12′S	172°50′W	15.0	205	Samoa ◀45	1 fly 1 bug nymph
10	0500	10.V.75	Var.	05	15°12′S	172°50′W	16°30′S	173°29′W	15.0	205	Tonga ◀45	1 fly 1 spider part
11	1900	10.V.75	Var.	02	16°30′S	173°29′W	19°32′S	174°50′W	15.0	201	Tonga ◀45	1 fly
12	0030	11.V.75	Var.	05	19°32′S	174°50′W	20°50′S	175°12′W	15.0	201/174	Tonga ◀45	1 wasp
13	0400	11.V.75	Var.	05	20°50′S	175°12′W	Nukı	ı'alofa	15/00	174/Var.	Tonga ◀45	4 wasps 1 beetle 1 bug
15A	2100	12.V.75	Var.	02	23°22′S	176°57′W	26°45′S	179°02′W	14.0	209	Ata, Tonga 75	1 ant*
17	2000	13.V.75	SSW	05	28°30′S	179°49′E	31°26′S	178°03′E	14.0	209	Kermadec Is 107	1 aphid

Table 10. Union South Pacific Voyage No. 40 (J.A.F. Jenkins, May 1975).

Sample No.	G Time	.M.T Date	W True Dir.	ind Vel. (kts)	Star Lat,	rting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
19	0000	17.V.75	NW	09	33°55′S	175°20′E	32°28′S	175°36′E	14.00	009	Cape Brett, NZ 94	1 aphid
21	1900	17.V.75	NE	09	31°18′S	175°51′E	28°05′S	176°24′E	14.00	009	North Cape, NZ 233	1 fly
23	2000	18.V.75 23.V.75	Е	15/30	25°46′S A	176°59′E pia	22°30′S	177°27′E	13.5	007	Kadavu 202 Samoa ◀45	1 fly 1 wasp*
25	0500	24.V.75	ESE	15		172°20′W	15°00′S	172°43′W	14.0	205	Samoa ◀45	2 flies 1 wasp 1 bug 1 insect part
28	2000	25.V.75	ExS	15	20°19′S	175°10′W	Nuki	ı'alofa	14.0/00	Var.	Tonga ◀45	3 flies 2 wasps
29	0500	27.V.75	NW	09	23°36′S	177°08′W	25°20′S	178°10′W	14.0	209	Ata, Tonga 82	2 flies 1 wasp
31	0100	28.V.75	Var.	02	28°17′S	179°58′W	29°15′S	179°25′E	14.0	209	Kermadec Is 78	1 fly 1 moth

Table 11. Marama Voyage No. 1 (J.A.F. Jenkins, January 1978).

Sample No.	G Time	.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Sta Lat.	rting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
1	0500	11.I.78	SW/ Var.	09/02	33°13′S	175°25′E	31°02′S	175°48′E	16.5	008	Cape Brett, NZ 130	5 lacewings 2 flies 1 aphid
2	1930	11.I.78	Var./S	02/05	31°02′S	175°48′E	27°03′S	176°27′E	17.0	008	North Cape, NZ 250	1 weevil
3	0100	12.I.78	S	05	27°03′S				17.0	008	Kermadec Is 330 Hunter I 314	1 fly
4	0700	12.I.78	S	05	25°20′S	176°47′E	23°37′S	177°03′E	17.0	008	Kadavu, Fiji 277 Hunter I 289	1 spider
6	0130	13.I.78	S	05	20°20′S	177°39′E	18°23′S	177°17′E	17.0	346	Fiji <b>◄</b> 45	1 wasp 1 bug
7	1830	15.I.78	ESE	15	17°38′S	178°05′W	17°16′S	177°20′W	16.0	066	Fiji ◀45	1 psocid
8	0100	16.I.78 17.I.78	ESE	15		177°20′W pia	16°27′S	175°23′W	16.0	066	Niuafo'ou, Tonga 50 Samoa ◀45	1 fly 2 bugs*
10	1830	18.I.78	E	09	14°25′S	172°25′W	16°49′S	173°30′W	18.0	205	Samoa ◀45	2 flies
12	0830	19.I.78	E	13	19°12′S	174°36′W	20°49′S	175°14′W	17.5	168	Tonga ◀45	1 aphid
13	0200	20.1.78	SE	18				ı'alofa			Tonga ◀45	► 25 flies 16 wasps 2 ants 1 bug
		20.I.78					Nukı	ı'alofa			Tonga ◀45	3 wasps*
18	0500	23.I.78	E	13	32°59′S	177°22′E	35°28′S	175°44′E	17.0	208	New Zealand ◀45	1 bug part

<sup>►</sup> More than.

l beetle	Tonga ◀45	807	0.21	MILSOLLI	52°10'S	176°20'W	55°22'S	60	SILY	87.VI.E	2200	15
र्षा ।	7onga ▲45	707	0.21	MILSOELI	180051S	W'82°E71	S.85°31	70	Var.	87.VI.S	0330	57
1 cockroach*				08.	29n z					0.01111100		
l beetle*	Samoa 445	000	0.01	Pago		AA OT //T	CHILI	co	SXE	87.111.05 87.111.05	0530	52
र्षा ।	Niuafo'ou, Tonga 68	890	0.21			M,010LLI		50	SXE	87.111.62	7100	77
2 beetles	et = net = 1	190/880	Var.			M.67.661	18012/5	60/SI SI	SXE	87.111.92	0060	53
I wasp	Fiji ∢45	680/460	2.21	M.67.6611		178°26'E	5,07017	81	EZE	87.111.72	0000	22
l msect part	Kermadec Is 324	tt£/800 600	7.21 0.81	177°33'E 176°31'E		176°26'E	S,L00L7	SI	ESE	87.111.62	0000	81
insect parts	North Cape, NZ 286	600	r.21			1750361	S/81.0E	13	EZE	87.111.22	2100	LI
yll I	North Cape, NZ 215	600	0.81			1750.36/E		13	MS	87.111.22	0060	91
						1750261E		60	MS	87.111.22	0400	SI
एति ।	North Cape, NZ 158	800	0.81	7/750371	3/95015	3/3002[1	Silvoct	00	MS	04 111 50	0000	31
	†(.lm.n)		(kts)					(kts)	Dir.			
	nearest land	Courseo	Speed	Long,	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Vel.	True	Date	<b>5</b> miT	No.
Arthropods	Approx. distance	ləss	şΛ	guil	Enc	gnit	Star	pu	ΙM	T.M.	D	sample
шош і	.(8)	7€1 lingA-da	oreM , eni	J.A.F. Jenk	e No. 6 (.	декол пип	e 14. Mara	ldsT				
2 Ties 1 moth	New Zealand ▲45	800 761 lingA-da	2.71 orsM. , eni:			175°03'E		60 oldsT	SZE	87.111.11	0860	10
	New Zealand ▲45		2.71					60		87.111.11	0860	10
	†(.lm.n)  ≥ bnslssZ wsV	800	(kts) 2,71					60 (kts)	True Dir. SSE	Date 87.111.78	этіТ 0690	.oN
	New Zealand ▲45		Speed (kts)	175°17'E	Lat. 33°53'S	175°03'E	32°28'S	06 (kts)	Dir.		əmiT	.oN
2 flies	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†  New Zealand •45	Course°	Vecd (kts)	ling. Long.	End Lat.	ting Long. 175°03'E	Star Lat. 35°28'S	nd Vel. (kts)	True Dir.	Date	əmiT	.oN
Arthropods	Approx. distance nearest land †(n.m.n) to New	arch 1978). Ssel Course°	Mesankins, Mesankins, Mesankins) Speed (kts)	(1.A.F. Joling, Long, 175°17'E	End End Lat.	ing Long. Long.	lble 13. M Star Lat. 35°28'S	Tay bu (kis)	Win True Dir.	Date	əmiT	ample No.
3 flies Arthropods 2 flies	Tonga 445 Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)† New Zealand 445	Ssel Course°	Vecd (kts)	174°19'W	18°50'S vage No. : End Lat.	ting Long. 175°03'E	lble 13. M Star Lat. 35°28'S	nd Vel. (kts)	True Dir.	M.T Date	.D Time	.oN
1 bug* 3 flies Arthropods	Approx. distance nearest land †(n.m.n) to New	arch 1978). Ssel Course°	Mesankins, Mesankins, Mesankins) Speed (kts)	(1.A.F. Joling, Long, 175°17'E	18°50'S vage No. : End Lat.	ing Long. Long.	lble 13. M Star Lat. 35°28'S	Tay bu (kis)	Win True Dir.	87.III.28 T.M.T	O100 G. Time	ample No.
l ant I bug* 3 flies Arthropods	Tonga 445 Tonga 445 Tonga 445 Approx. distance nearest land 7(m.m) New Zealand 445	207 arch 1978).  Ssel Course	M., snidns, M. Speed (kts)	173°38'W 174°19'W 175°17'E 175°17'E	17°39'S 18°50'S 73°53'S 13°53'S	ing Long. Long.	17°39'S able 13. M Star Lat.	Tay bu (kis)	Win True Dir.	87.III.28 T.M.T	O100 G. Time	ample No.
1 bug* 3 flies Arthropods	Tonga 445 Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)† New Zealand 445	arch 1978). Ssel Course°	Mesankins, Mesankins, Mesankins) Speed (kts)	173°38'W 174°19'W 5 (J.A.F. Jo ling Long.	17°39'S 18°50'S 18°50'S Fnd End Lat.	ins Voy	14°15'S 17°39'S 181: Mair 181: Mair	20 Let (kis) 60 Per (kis) 60 Pe	True Wir.	87.111.78 ST.111.2 ST.111.78	2000 0100 Time	3 A No.
I fly I ant I bug* 3 flies Arthropods	Tonga 445 Samoa 445 Tonga 445	207 arch 1978).  Ssel Course  Course	17.0 S.71 M., snikins, M. Speed (kts) (kts)	173°38'W 174°19'W 5 (J.A.F. Jo ling Long.	17°39'S 18°50'S 18°50'S Fnd End Lat.	172°24'W 173°38'W ting Long. 175°03'E	14°15'S 17°39'S 181: Mair 181: Mair	20 Let (kis) Let (kis) 20 Let (	E Mir.	87.111.4 87.111.78 51.111.78 Disc	0300 2000 1000 1000 1000	1 3 4 ample No.
I fly I ant I bug* 3 flies Arthropods	Samos • 45 Tonga • 45	207 arch 1978).  Ssel Course  Course	Speed (kts) 15.0 17.0 17.5 M.enkins, Mes (kts) Ves (kts)	173°38'W 174°19'W 5 (J.A.F. Jo ling Long.	Lat. 15°28'S 17°39'S 18°50'S 18°50'S Lat. End Lat.	Long. 172°24'W 172°24'W 173°38'W ting Long.	14°15'S 17°39'S 181: Mair 181: Mair	60 (\$13) (\$13) (\$10 (\$13) (\$13	E'ly E True Dir.	87.111.4 87.111.78 51.111.78 Disc	7ime 0300 2000 0100 0100 0100 0100	3 t

Table 15. Marama Voyage No. 10 (J.A.F. Jenkins, June 1978).

Sample No.	Time	.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	nd Vel. (kts)	Sta Lat.	rting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
6	2100	2.VI.78	SE	15	20°58′S	177°23′E	18°14′S	177°12′E	17.0	012/042	Fiji <b>⊲</b> 45	insect parts
10	0100	10.VI.78	SE	05	13°53′S	172°12′W	15°05′S	172°54′W	16.0	208	Samoa ◀45	2 flies
11	1000	10.VI.78	SE	05	15°05′S	172°54′W	17°08′S	173°57′W	15.0	204	Tonga ◀45	insect parts 6 flies insect parts

Table 16. Marama Voyage No. 11 (J.A.F. Jenkins, June 1978).

Sample	G	.M.T	Wi	Wind		Starting		ding	V	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.	Time	Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course°	nearest land (n.ml.)†	ritinopous
18	0900	19.VI.78	E	15	19°39′S	176°53′E	18°18′S	177°02′E	16.0	013	Fiji <b>◄</b> 45	1 aphid
19	0351	21.VI.78	NE	15	18°13′S	178°29′E	18°13′S	179°52′W	16.5	083	Fiji <b>◀</b> 45	insect parts
21	0300	24.VI.78	NE	09	13°50′S	172°11′W	14°32′S	172°31′W	16.0	205	Samoa ◀45	1 fly
22	0830	24.VI.78	ENE	09	14°32′S	172°31′W	15°58′S	173°09′W	16.0	207	Tonga ◀45	5 flies
23	2000	24.VI.78	Var.	02	15°58′S	173°09′W	18°42′S	174°30′W	16.0	201	Tonga ◀45	insect parts
24	2300	24.VI.78	E	05	18°42′S	174°30′W	19°29′S	174°49′W	16.0	201	Tonga ◀45	insect parts
25	0300	25.VI.78	WNW	15	19°29′S			175°15′W	16.0	201	Tonga ◀45	insect parts

Table 17. Marama Voyage No. 12 (J.A.F. Jenkins, June-July 1978).

Sample	G	.M.T	Wi	nd	Sta	rting	Enc	ding	V	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.	Time	Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course°	nearest land (n.ml.)†	
38	0515	7.VII.78	SE	05	14°24′S	170°44′W	13°51′S	171°26′W	17.0	311	Samoa ◀45	1 beetle
39	2100	7.VII.78	Var.	05	13°51′S	171°26′W	Ar	oia	17/00	Var.	Samoa ◀45	3 flies
40	0300	8.VII.78	NE	05	13°43′S	171°58′W	14°36′S	172°34′W	16.5	205	Samoa ◀45	1 fly insect parts

Sample	G	.M.T	Wi	nd	Sta	rting	End	ling	Ve	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.		Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course°	nearest land (n.ml.)†	•
44 48	0500 2100	15.VII.78 19.VII.78	SW NNE	18 13		175°27′E 179°42′E			17.0 16.0	009 053	Cape Brett, NZ 135 Fiji ◀45	1 psocid bug parts
				Tab	le 19. <i>Mai</i>	rama Voyag	ge No. 15	(for J.A.F.	Jenkins,	August 197	78).	
Sample No.		.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	nd Vel. (kts)	Sta Lat.	rting Long.	Enc Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
		22.VIII.78	SE	18	15°50′S	173°40′W			16.5	064	Tonga ◀45	1 wasp*
				Table	20. Mara	ma Voyage	No. 17 (	for J.A.F.	Jenkins, S	September 1	978).	
Sample No.	G Time	.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	vel. (kts)	Sta Lat.	rting Long.	Enc Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
		25.IX.78	SSE	13	18°02′S	174°12′W			17.0	206	Tonga ◀45	1 bug*
			Ta	ble 21.	Marama V	oyage No.	24 (J.A.I	F. Jenkins,	Decembe	r 1978-Janu	ary 1979).	
Sample No.		.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	nd Vel. (kts)	Sta Lat.	rting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	V Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
1	0300 2100	30.XII.78 30.XII.78	SSE S	18 30		175°29′E 176°00′E			17.0 17.0	008 008	Cape Brett, NZ 138 Kermadec Is 295 Hunter I 319	1 insect parts
3												
5	0900 2100	31.XII.78 31.XII.78		15 05		176°50′E 177°09′E	19°06′S	177°10′E	17.0 17.0	009	Kadavu, Fiji 202 Fiji <b>⋖</b> 45	insect parts  1 bug part
5 6 8	2100 0300	31.XII.78 4.I.79	WSW Var.	05 05	22°27′S 15°50′S	177°09′E 176°53′W	19°06′S 15°01′S	177°10′E 175°02′W	17.0 17.0	000 067	Fiji ◀45 Niuafo'ou, Tonga ◀45	1 bug part 1 fly 1 psocid
5 6 8	2100 0300 0300	31.XII.78 4.I.79 6.I.79	WSW Var. Var.	05 05 05	22°27′S 15°50′S 14°30′S	177°09′E 176°53′W 170°50′W	19°06′S 15°01′S 15°55′S	177°10′E 175°02′W 171°45′W	17.0 17.0 17.0	000 067 218	Fiji ◀45 Niuafo'ou, Tonga ◀45 Samoa ◀45	1 bug part 1 fly 1 psocid 1 wasp 1 fly
5 6 8	2100 0300	31.XII.78 4.I.79	WSW Var.	05 05	22°27′S 15°50′S 14°30′S 17°13′S	177°09′E 176°53′W	19°06'S 15°01'S 15°55'S 19°44'S	177°10′E 175°02′W 171°45′W 174°49′W	17.0 17.0	000 067	Fiji ◀45 Niuafo'ou, Tonga ◀45	1 bug part 1 fly 1 psocid 1 wasp

Table 22. Marama Voyage No. 25 (J.A.F. Jenkins, January 1979).

nan l Lahida l Lahida part Lahida Liy parts												
insect parts I insect part I fly	Fiji ◀45 Wiuafo'ou, Tonga ◀45	L90 L90/090	0.71 0.71			178°06'W 179°46'E		60 60/77	N Var.	97.I.7I 97.I.7I	0007	79 72
beetle parts ant parts I insect part	no'olauiN S4►	\$90	0.71	M,IIoELI	S.7Io11	M,50°571	S,60° SI	\$0	Var.	67.I.8I	0520	LZ
l beetle l beetle part weevil parts l aphid l wasp part	S4► soms2	\$90	0.71	172°32'W	S,65°£1	W110871	S,710+1	\$0	Var.	67.I.8I	0830	87
6 flies 2 beetles? I moth I moth part? insect parts	24► soms2	Var.	00/LI	вic	ίγ	172°32'W	S,65°E1	\$0	Var.	67.I.8I	0860	67
ો દીયુ 1 દીયુડે	Samos →45 88 AgnoT, idala 88	218	0.71 0.71			171°52'W		13	SE S	97.I.02 97.I.02	0300	30
I fly speak c spinds	Kermadec Is 124 Cape Brett, NZ 131	507 807	0.71	119.33.E 111.39.E	35°20'S	111°36'E 179°49'E	S,57087	\$0 \$0	Var.	23.I.49	0070	35
2 aphids 2 aphids 2 wasps	Vew Zealand ◀45	507	0.71	175°40'E	32°30′S	116°33'E	S,50°4£	60	SE	24.I.4S	0870	98

Sample	G	.M.T	Wi	nd	Sta	rting	En	ding	V	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.	Time	Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course	nearest land (n.ml.)†	
1	0345	7.IV.79	ENE	13	33°04′S	175°19′E	31°24′S	175°27′E	17.0	006	North Cape, NZ 140	1 fly
2	0930	7.IV.79	ExS	13	31°24′S	175°27′E	29°46′S	175°38′E	17.0	006	North Cape, NZ 223	3 flies 1 wasp
3	1945	7.IV.79	E	09	29°46′S	175°38′E	26°49'S	175°59′E	17.0	007	Kermadec Is 305	1 fly
4	0310	8.IV.79	SE	15	26°49'S	175°59′E	24°45′S	176°15′E	17.0	007	Hunter I 275	1 fly
5	1010	8.IV.79	SE	15	24°45′S	176°15′E	22°50′S	176°35′E	17.0	007	Kadavu, Fiji 236 Hunter I 255	1 fly part
6	2100	8.1V.79	SSE	15	22°50′S	176°35′E	19°51′S	176°55′E	17.0	006	Kadavu, Fiji 77	1 fly
7	0350	9.IV.79	SSE	18	19°51'S	176°55′E	18°02′S	177°08′E	17.0	010	Fiji ◀45	fly parts
8	0500	14.IV.79	SExE	09	14°27′S	170°47′W	15°34′S	171°42′W	17.0	218	Samoa ◀45	1 fly
9	0900	14.IV.79	SSE	13	15°34′S	171°42′W	16°27′S	172°24′W	17.0	218	Niuatoputapu, Tonga 85	insect parts
10	2000	14.IV.79	ESE	05	16°27′S	172°24′W	18°55′S	174°20′W	17.0	218/209	Tonga ◀45	1 wasp

Table 24. Marama Voyage No. 31 (J.A.F. Jenkins, April-May 1979).

Sample	G.	.M.T	W	Wind		Starting		ding	V	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.	Time	Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course°	nearest land (n.ml.)†	
13	0900	21.IV.79	ESE	09	32°18′S	175°22′E	30°49′S	175°32′E	16.5	006	North Cape, NZ 170	insect parts
14	2100	21.IV.79	ESE	09	30°49′S	175°32′E	27°28′S	175°59′E	16.5	006	North Cape, NZ 258	1 wasp part
15	0100	22.IV.79	SE	09	27°28′S	175°59′E	26°24′S	176°05′E	16.5	006	Kermadec Is 337	1 wasp part
20	0945	25.IV.79	SE	15/24	17°43′S	179°06′E	16°54′S	179°30′W	16.5	046/062	Fiji ◀45	1 aphid
23	1530	26.IV.79	Var.	05	14°27′S	173°53′W	13°46′S	171°45′W	16.5	067/Var.	Samoa ◀45	1 moth
24	0200	1.V.79	S	24/18	26°20′S	178°45′W	27°45′S	179°31′W	16.5	208	Kermadec Is 120	1 fly

Table 25. Marama Voyage No. 32 (J.A.F. Jenkins, May 1979).

Sample	G	.M.T	Wi	Wind		Starting		ding	V	essel	Approx. distance	Arthropods
No.	Time	Date	True Dir.	Vel. (kts)	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Speed (kts)	Course	nearest land (n.ml.)†	
26	0400	10.V.79	SSE	05	18°06′S	178°48′E	17°04′S	179°49′W	17.0	040/060	Fiji ◀45	1 fly 1 beetle
27	0900	10.V.79	SSE	09	17°04′S	179°49′W	16°27′S	178°33′W	16.5	060/067	Fiji <b>◀</b> 45	1 aphid 2 flies

I psocid nymph

Kermadec Is 122

807

Table 26. Marama Voyage No. 37 (J.A.F. Jenkins, July-August 1979).

Arthropods  1 thrips 1 psocid nymph 2 insect part 2 insect parts	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†  North Cape, NZ 178 Kermadec 1s 312 Tonga ◄45 Kermadec 1s 121	Course 000 210 210 208	Speed (kts) 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0	176°30'W 175°48'E	Lat. 31°13'S 28°32'S 22°43'S	IJSo45'W IJSo25'E IJSo25'E IJSo25'E IJSo25'E	32°05'S 29°25'S 21°28'S	Vel. (kts) 09 09 13	True Dir. SE ExS ExS ExS	7.IM 518G 67.11V.12 12.11V.12 13.11V.08	0020 0500 0500 0100	ample No.
l psocid nymph	Kermadec Is 312 Tonga ←45	210	0.71	176°30'W 175°48'E	22°43'S	112043,M 112044,E	S187.617 S187.67	60 60	ENE E <sup>x</sup> 2	97.11V.12 97.11V.08	00\$0 \$\tau60	
l insect part	Kermadec Is 312 Tonga ←45	210	0.71	176°30'W 175°48'E	22°43'S	112043,M 112044,E	S187.617 S187.67	60 60	ENE E <sup>x</sup> 2	97.11V.12 97.11V.08	00\$0 \$\tau60	
								60	ENE	67.ΙΙV.0ξ	0000	
insect parts	Kermadec Is 121	807	0.71					13	MENN			
					0.01		0.07.07	CI	NEXN	67.ΙΙ <b>Υ.</b> Ιξ	0010	
	•(	erel 120301	enkins, ∧	( .4.A.t) 8	age No. 3	ακαπα Υογ	ble 27. Ma	вТ				
Arthropods	Approx, distance	ləssə	Λ	guil	End	gnit.	Star	pu	ιiW	T.M	.D	ample
	nearest land (n.ml.)†	Course	Speed (kts)	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lai.	Vel. (kts)	True Dir.	Date	5miT	.oN
VII I	Cape Brett, NZ 123	900	0.71	175°25'E	37°17'S	175°18'E	33017	60	MS	67.ΙΙΙV.Δ	0030	15
2 flies	North Cape, NZ 174	900	0.71	175°32'E	3101018	112°25'E	35017'S	13	MSS	67.IIIV.₽	0430	13
I fly 2 psocid nymph	North Cape, NZ 235	900	0.71	175°42'E	S,55.67	175°32'E	3101018	60	MS	67.ΙΙΙ <b>Υ.</b> Ϸ	0060	14
I fly I psocid nymph	Kermadec Is 352 Hunter I 307	900	0.71	176°10'E	52046'S	176°03'E	S,95°92	\$0	$S_XE$	97.111V.21	\$100	91
				slofa,		11170022.	5,0,00	13	MN	97.111V.21 97.111V.51		
*१में । १में ।	24► agnoT Ata, Tonga 95	208	0.71	M,680321							2000	52

76017'S 178039'W 27036'S 179024'W

97

0010

WN 67.111V.41

Table 28. Marama Voyage No. 42 (J.A.F. Jenkins, September-October 1979).

Sample No.	G Time	.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	vel. (kts)	Sta Lat.	rting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
1	0100	29.IX.79	SE	09	33°05′S	175°19′E	31°56′S	175°25′E	16.8	006	North Cape, NZ 142	3 flies 1 psocid
4	2100	29.IX.79	SxE	18	29°10′S	175°46′E	26°25′S	176°05′E	16.5	006	Kermadec Is 300	1 fly
5	0100	30.IX.79	SExE	20	26°25′S	176°05′E	25°10′S	176°13′E	16.5	006	Hunter I 273	1 fly
7	1945	30.IX.79	ESE	05	24°23′S	176°17′E	20°18′S	176°41′E	17.0	007	Kadavu, Fiji 105	2 flies 1 fly part
10	0430	3.X.79	ExN	09	18°12′S	178°24′E	17°15′S	179°50′E	16.0	040/060	Fiji <b>◀4</b> 5	1 insect part 1 wasp 1 aphid 1 fly?
12	1900	3.X.79	E	05	16°34′S	178°49′W	15°35′S	176°31′W	16.5	067	Fiji <b>◄</b> 45	1 wasp
18	1900	6.X.79	ExN	05	16°31′S	172°27′W	18°37′S		16.5	218	Tonga ◀45	
19	2330	6.X.79	ExN	09	18°37′S	174°12′W		174°36′W	16.5	207	Tonga ◀45	l wasp
20	0400	7.X.79	ExN	09		174°36′W			16.5	207/180	Tonga ◀45	insect parts  1 wasp
21	2000	8.X.79	NE	05	23°20′S	176°56′W	25°57′S	178°26′W	16.5	208	Ata, Tonga 65	insect parts
22	0100	9.X.79	NNE	09		178°26′W			16.5	208	Kermadec Is 135	1 fly 1 fly

Table 29. Marama Voyage No. 43 (J.A.F. Jenkins, October 1979).

Sample No.	G Time	.M.T Date	Wi True Dir.	vel. (kts)	Star Lat.	rting Long.	En Lat.	ding Long.	Speed (kts)	essel Course°	Approx. distance nearest land (n.ml.)†	Arthropods
25	1000	21.X.79	SW	09	24°25′S	176°25′E	23°21′S	176°30′E	16.0	007	Hunter I 255 Kadavu, Fiji 260	1 fly insect parts

Table 30. Marama Voyage No. 46 (J.A.F. Jenkins, December 1979).

Arthropods	Approx. distance nearest land †(.lm.n)	ossuoO Course	Speed (kts)	ing Long.	end Lat.	rting Long.	Sta Lat.	nd Vel. (kts)	Wi True Dir.	M.T Date	.D əmiT	Sample No.
l beetle larva?	24▶ agnoT, uo'olauiN	<i>L</i> 90	0.91	M,97.911	5,78051	M.6toLLI	S,60°91	18	ESE	67.IIX.61	0330	6
I wasp	24► soms2 24► sgnoT	208	0.71	M.LZ.9LI	22°36'S	M182°28'W		18	SExE	97.IIX.12	00\$0	14
l bug part l insect part l wasp l wasp part l insect part	Kermadec Is 135	807	2.91	M,810641	S,51°12	M,78.841	S/01.97	81	EZE	67.IIX.22	0000	91

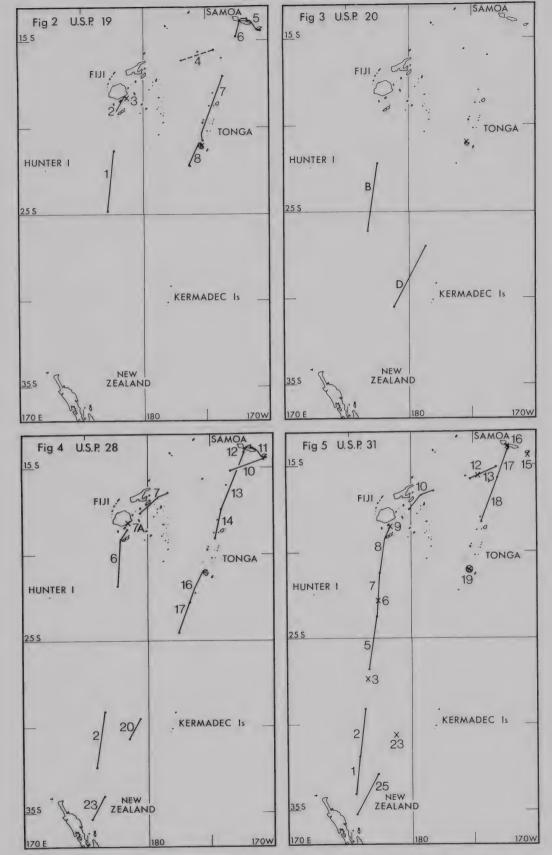
Key to Figures 2-25

Solid line indicates successful net run — specimen(s) trapped.

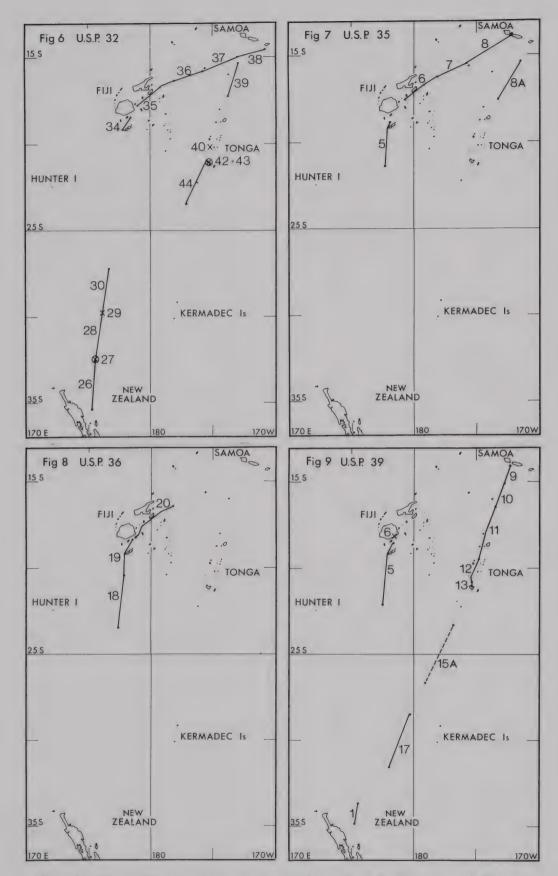
Dashed line indicates specimen(s) hand collected during run.

Cross indicates a position for hand collected specimen(s).

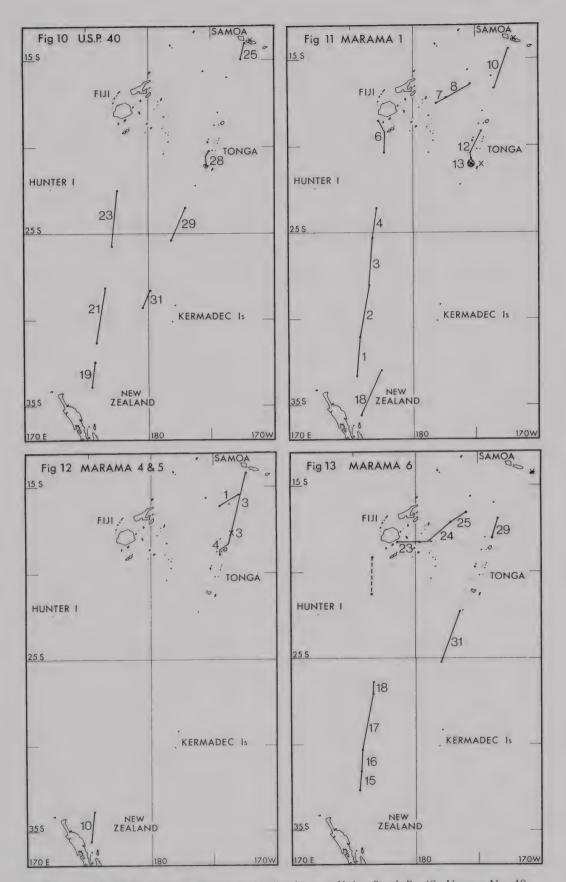
Cross in circle indicates a position for trapped specimen(s).



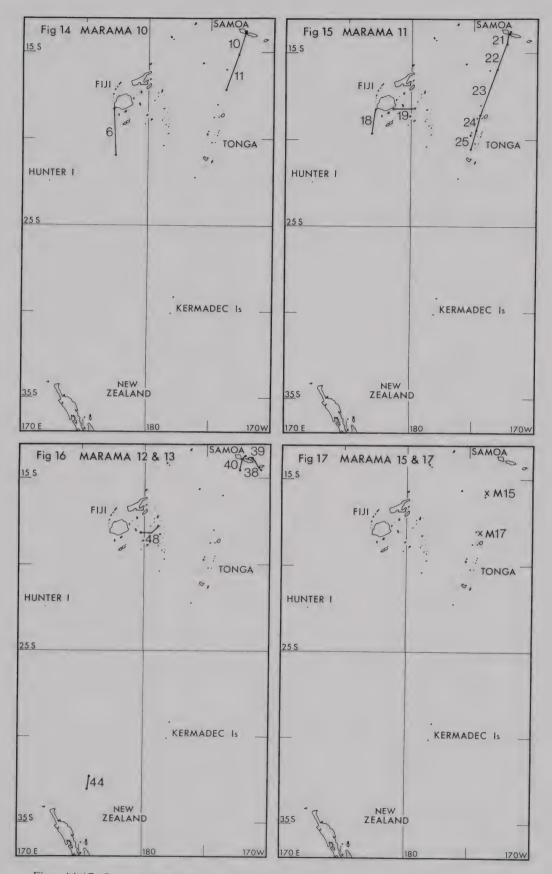
Figs. 2-5. Successful net runs and collections on *Union South Pacific* voyages. 2. Voyage No. 19 (May 1974). 3. Voyage No. 20 (May-June 1974). 4. Voyage No. 28 (Oct. 1974). 5. Voyage No. 31 (Dec. 1974).



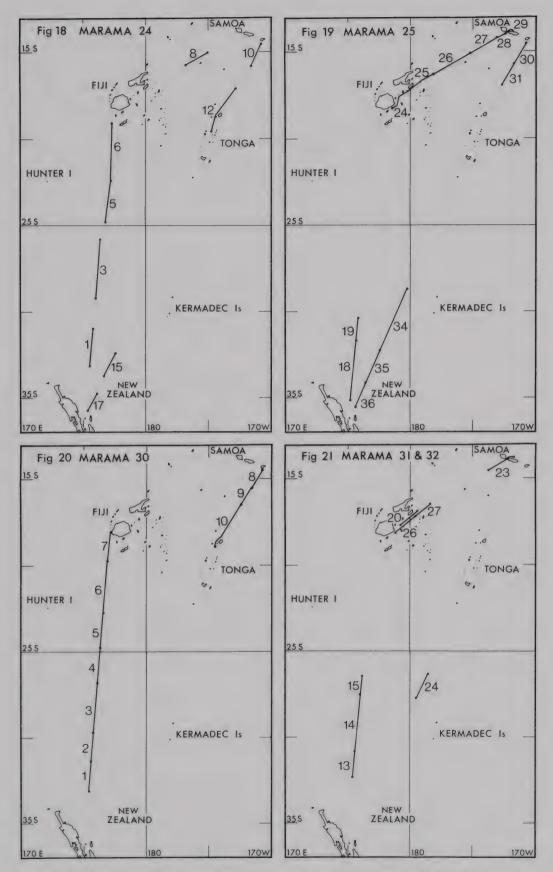
Figs. 6-9. Successful net runs and collections on *Union South Pacific* voyages. 6. Voyage No. 32 (Dec. 1974-Jan. 1975). 7. Voyage No. 35 (Feb.-March 1975). 8. Voyage No. 36 (March 1975). 9. Voyage No. 39 (May 1975).



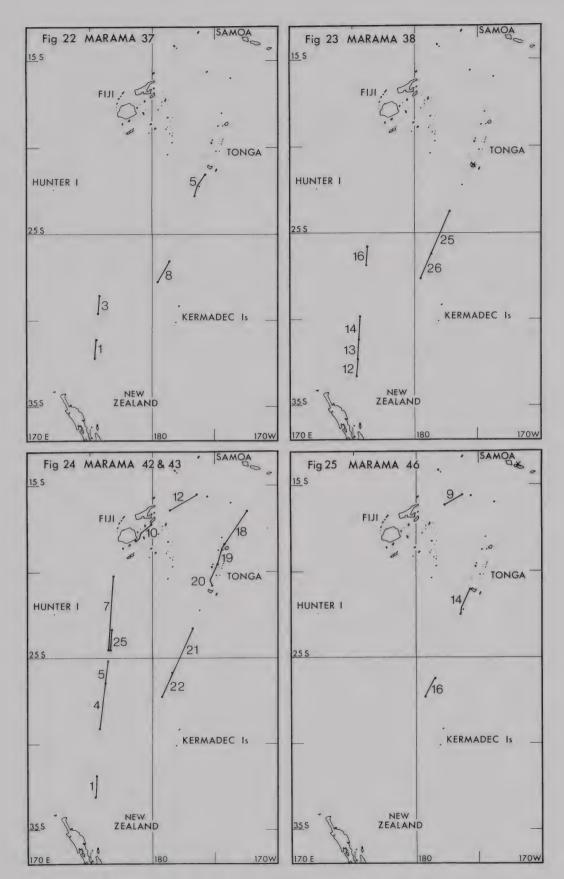
Figs. 10-13. 10. Successful net runs and collections on *Union South Pacific* Voyage No. 40 (May 1975). 11-13. Successful net runs and collections on *Marama* voyages. 11. Voyage No. 1 (Jan. 1978). 12. Voyages No's. 4, 5 (March 1978). 13. Voyage No. 6 (March-April 1978).



Figs. 14-17. Successful net runs and collections on *Marama* voyages. 14. Voyage No. 10 (June 1978). 15. Voyage No. 11 (June 1978). 16. Voyages No. 12 (June-July 1978), No. 13 (July 1978). 17. Voyages No. 15 (Aug. 1978), No. 17 (Sept. 1978).



Figs. 18-21. Successful net runs and collections on *Marama* voyages. 18. Voyage No. 24 (Dec. 1978-Jan. 1979). 19. Voyage No. 25 (Jan. 1979). 20. Voyage No. 30 (April 1979). 21. Voyages No. 31 (April-May 1979), No. 32 (May 1979).



Figs. 22-25. Successful net runs and collections on *Marama* voyages. 22. Voyage No. 37 (July-Aug. 1979). 23. Voyage No. 38 (Aug. 1979). 24. Voyages No. 42 (Sept-Oct. 1979), No. 43 (Oct. 1979). 25. Voyage No. 46 (Dec. 1979).

#### ARTHROPOD FAUNA

Many bugs including aphids (Hemiptera), beetles (Coleoptera), moths (Lepidoptera), flies (Diptera), parasitic and social wasps and winged ants (Hymenoptera), and insect parts were taken in the nets. Also in the nets were psocids (Psocoptera), lacewings (Neuroptera), thrips (Thysanoptera), one small butterfly (Lepidoptera) and insect exuviae. A few wingless specimens, an ant (Hymenoptera), spiders (Araneae) and an amphipod (Crustacea), may have crawled into nets before they were set.

Many other specimens were hand collected on the ships, particularly after leaving New Zealand and after visiting ports in the Pacific Islands: earwigs (Dermaptera) a cockroach (Blattodea), bugs (Hemiptera), beetles (Coleoptera), moths and butterflies (Lepidoptera), flies (Diptera), parasitic and social wasps, a winged ant and a bee (Hymenoptera), spiders (Araneae) and a centipede (Chilopoda).

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The Auckland Museum Entomology Department project would not have been possible without the impetus and action of Captain J.A.F. Jenkins, who has continued the trapping of insects at sea over many years. John Jenkins has personally attended to the taking and care of samples and concurrent recording of data, and also to maintenance of nets and net rings. He has kindly checked data, re-drawn maps and answered innumerable questions, all of which assisted greatly in the production of this paper.

The use of Union Steamship Company ships for this project is also acknowledged. Mr N.G. Cheshire, Deck Officer, assisted by drafting original maps. Many crew members on the ships have assisted with the handling of nets and the collection of specimens.

Ms Caroline Phillips, Auckland, has prepared the figures for publication.

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